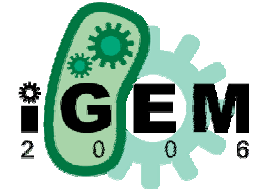


ETH

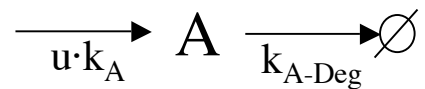
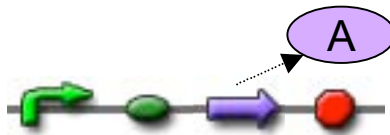
Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich



Half Adder - Modelling



ODE's: Constitutive



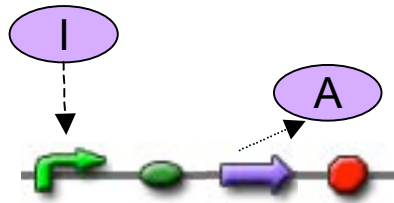
$$d[A]/dt = u \cdot k_A - [A] \cdot k_{A\text{-Deg}}$$

simplified:

$$d[A]/dt = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow [A] = \text{const. (high/low dep. on input } u)$$

ODE's: Induction

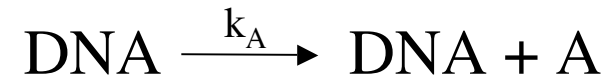
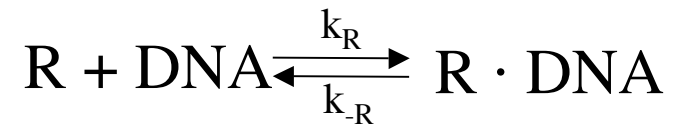
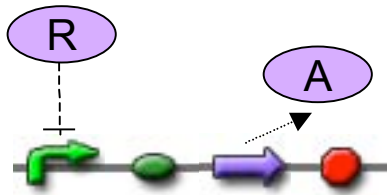


$$\begin{aligned} d[A]/dt &= [I \cdot \text{DNA}] \cdot k_A \\ d[I]/dt &= [I \cdot \text{DNA}] \cdot k_{-I} - [I] \cdot [\text{DNA}] \cdot k_I \\ d[\text{DNA}]/dt &= [I \cdot \text{DNA}] \cdot k_{-I} - [I] \cdot [\text{DNA}] \cdot k_I \\ d[I \cdot \text{DNA}]/dt &= [I] \cdot [\text{DNA}] \cdot k_I - [I \cdot \text{DNA}] \cdot k_{-I} \end{aligned}$$

$$[I \cdot \text{DNA}] + [\text{DNA}] = \text{const.}$$

$$[I \cdot \text{DNA}] + [I] = \text{const.}$$

ODE's: Repression

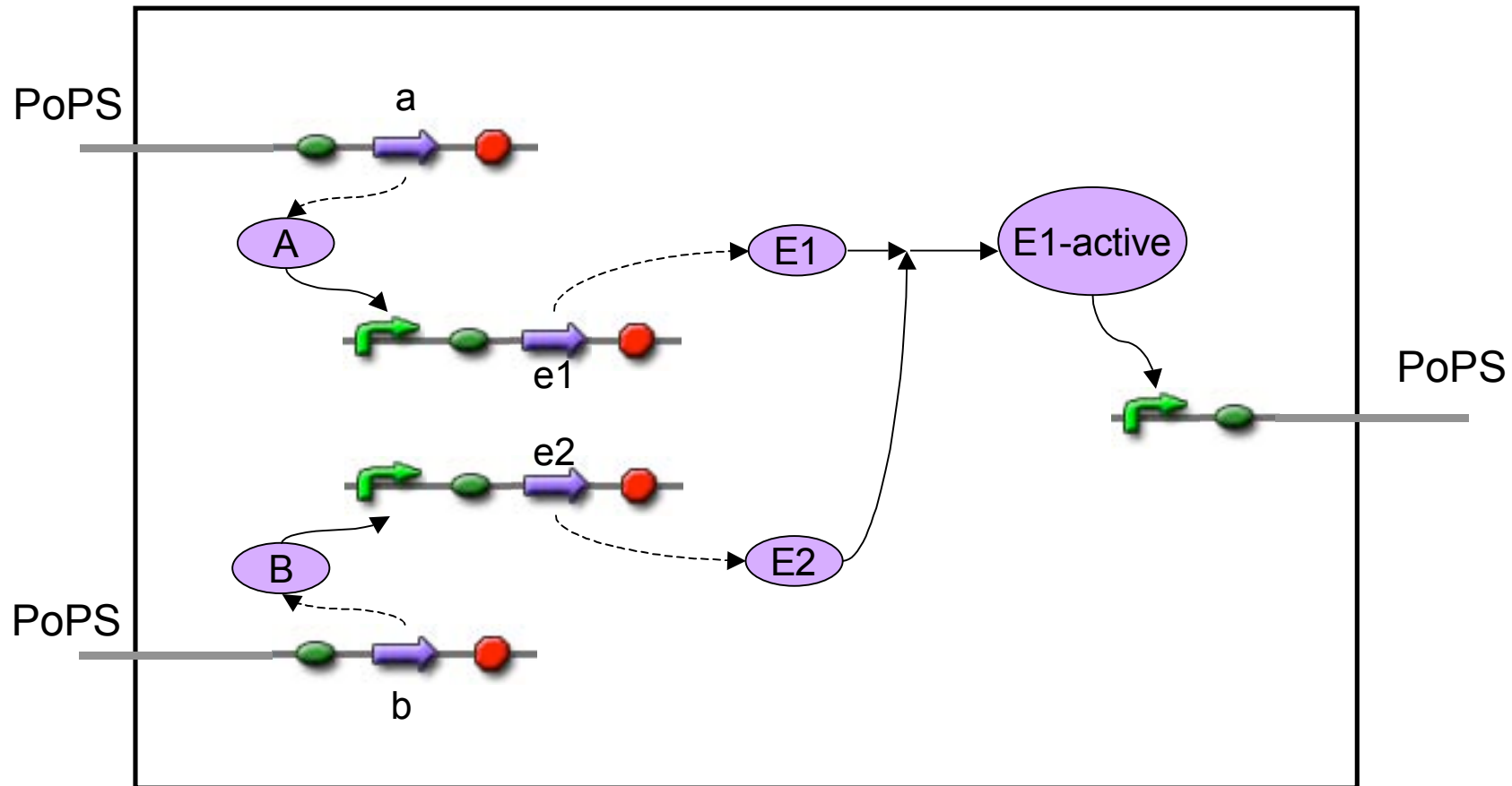


$$\begin{aligned} d[A]/dt &= [\text{DNA}] \cdot k_A \\ d[R]/dt &= [R \cdot \text{DNA}] \cdot k_{-R} - [R] \cdot [\text{DNA}] \cdot k_R \\ d[\text{DNA}]/dt &= [R \cdot \text{DNA}] \cdot k_{-R} - [R] \cdot [\text{DNA}] \cdot k_R \\ d[R \cdot \text{DNA}]/dt &= [R] \cdot [\text{DNA}] \cdot k_R - [R \cdot \text{DNA}] \cdot k_{-R} \end{aligned}$$

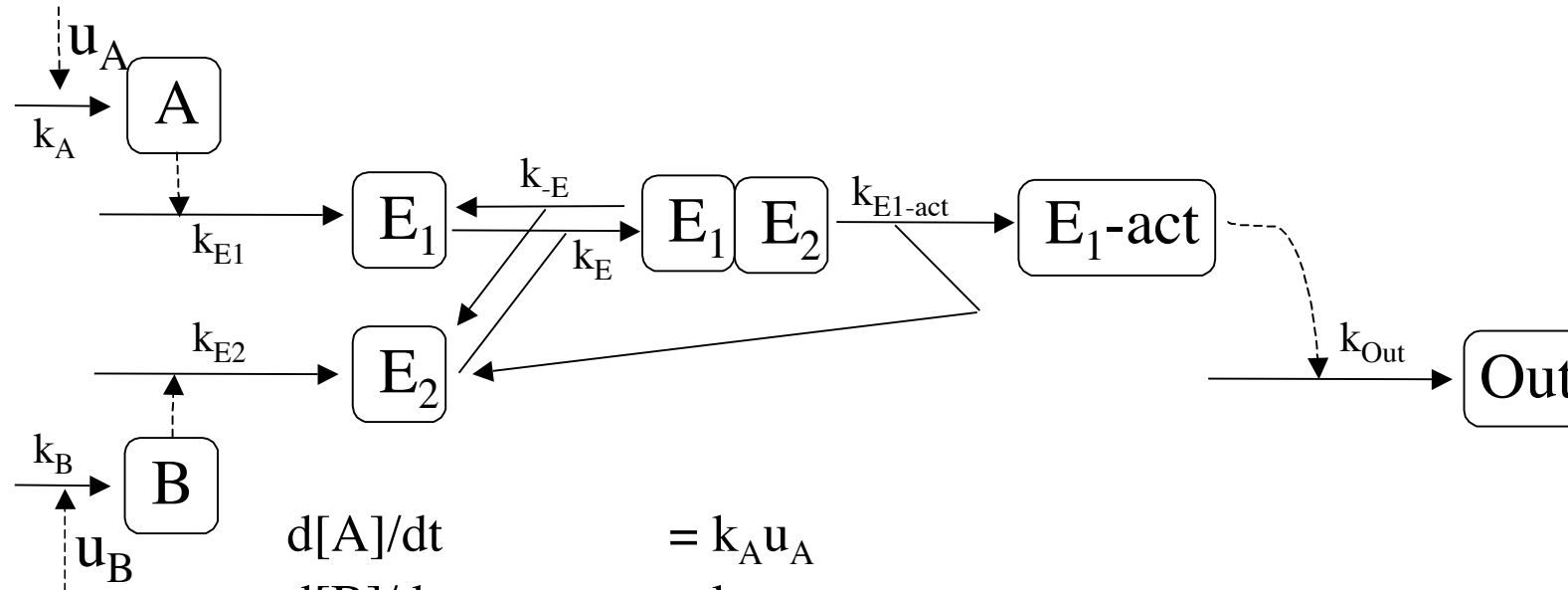
$$[R \cdot \text{DNA}] + [\text{DNA}] = \text{const.}$$

$$[R \cdot \text{DNA}] + [R] = \text{const.}$$

AND – 1



AND – 1 (ODE's)



$$d[A]/dt = k_A u_A$$

$$d[B]/dt = k_B u_B$$

$$d[E_1]/dt = k_{E1}[A] - k_E[E_1][E_2] + k_{-E}[E_1E_2]$$

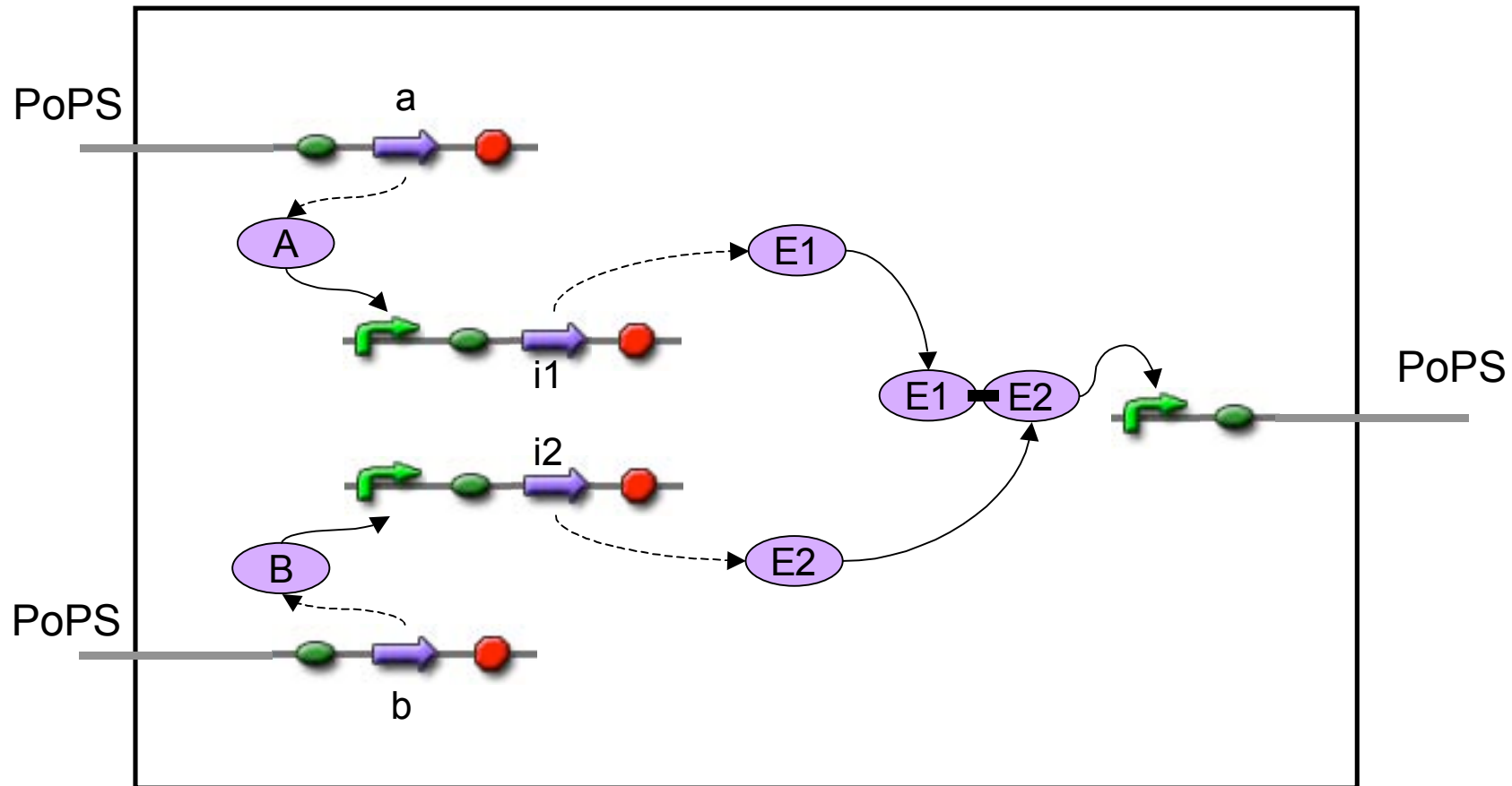
$$d[E_2]/dt = k_{E2}[B] - k_E[E_1][E_2] + k_{-E}[E_1E_2] + k_{E1-act}[E_1E_2]$$

$$d[E_1E_2]/dt = k_E[E_1][E_2] - k_{-E}[E_1E_2] - k_{E1-act}[E_1E_2]$$

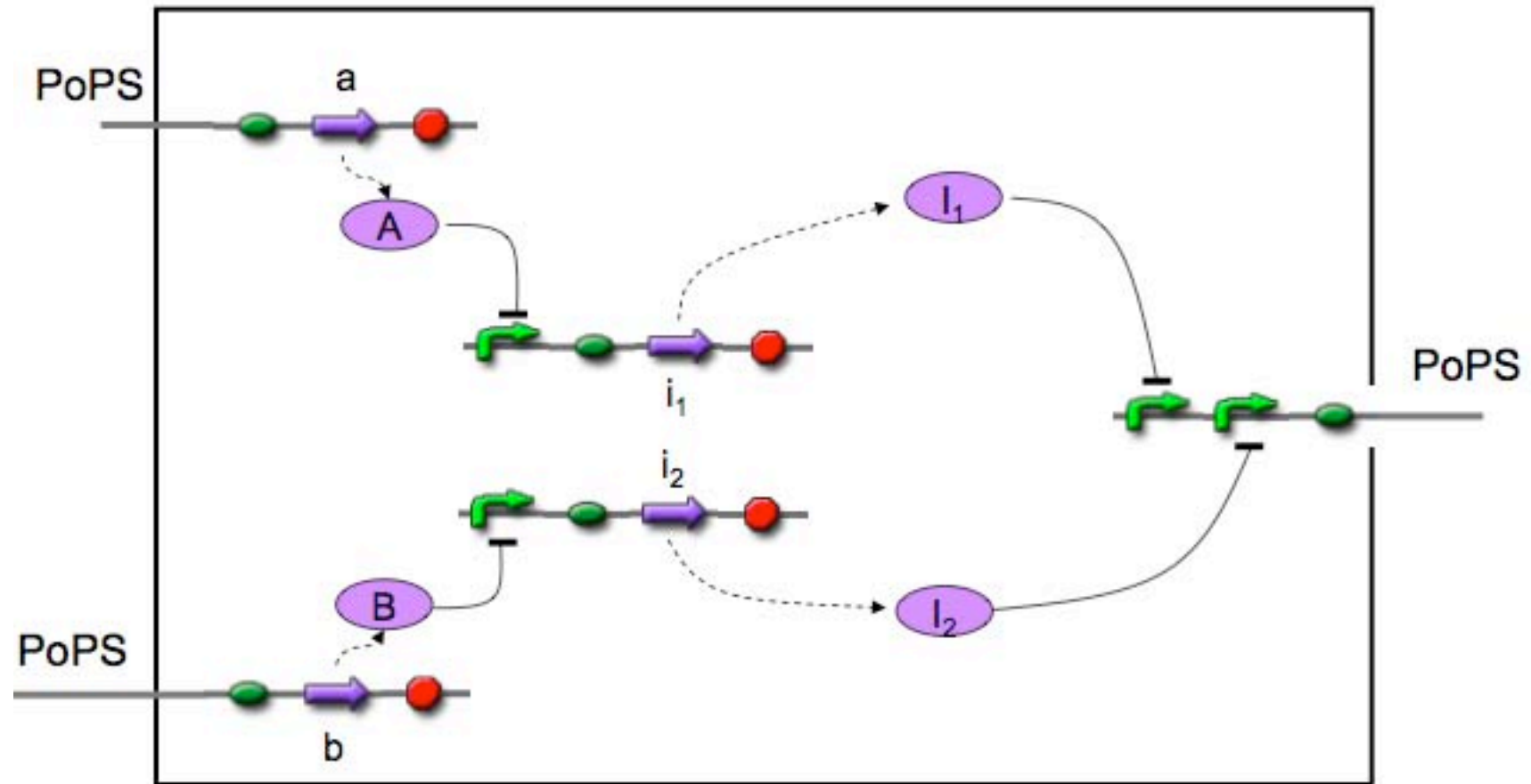
$$d[E_1-act]/dt = k_{E1-act}[E_1E_2]$$

$$d[Out]/dt = k_{out}[E_1-act]$$

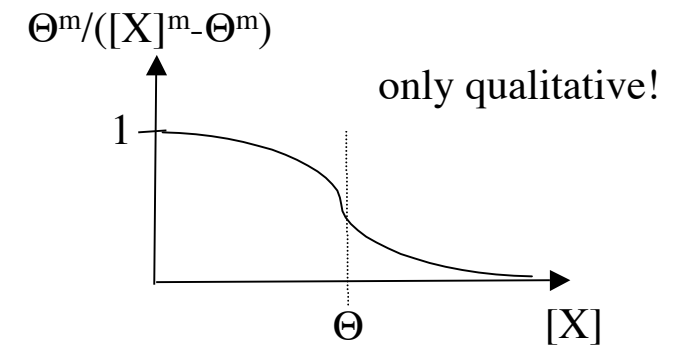
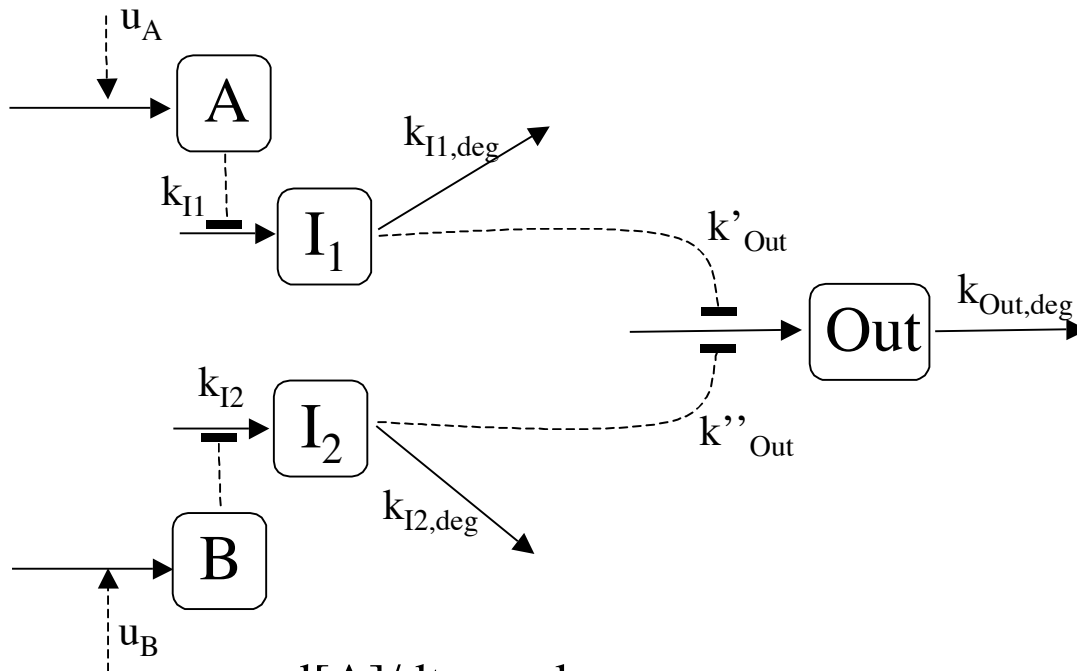
AND – 2



AND – 3



AND – 3 (ODE's)



$$d[A]/dt = k_A u_A$$

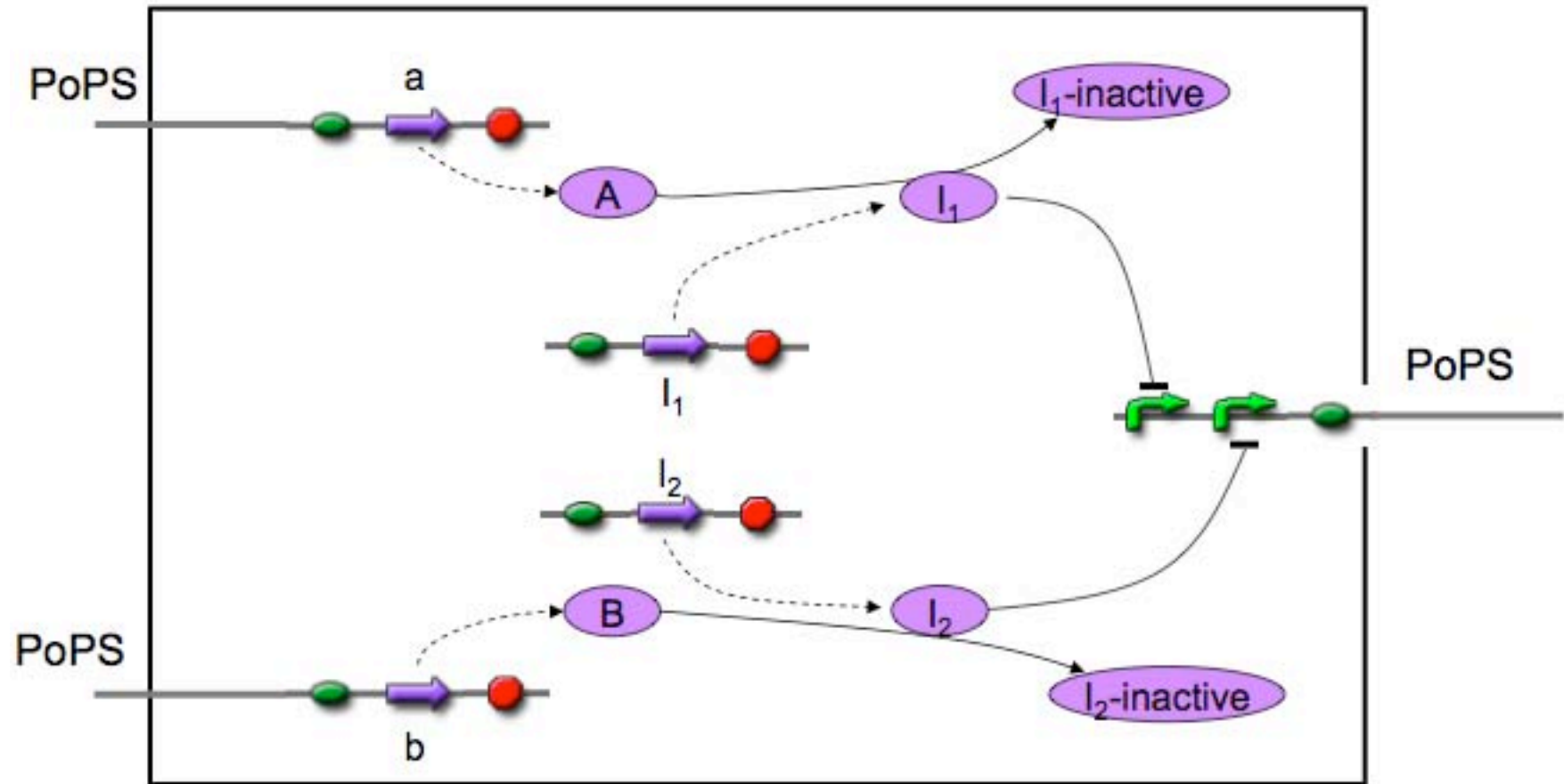
$$d[B]/dt = k_B u_B$$

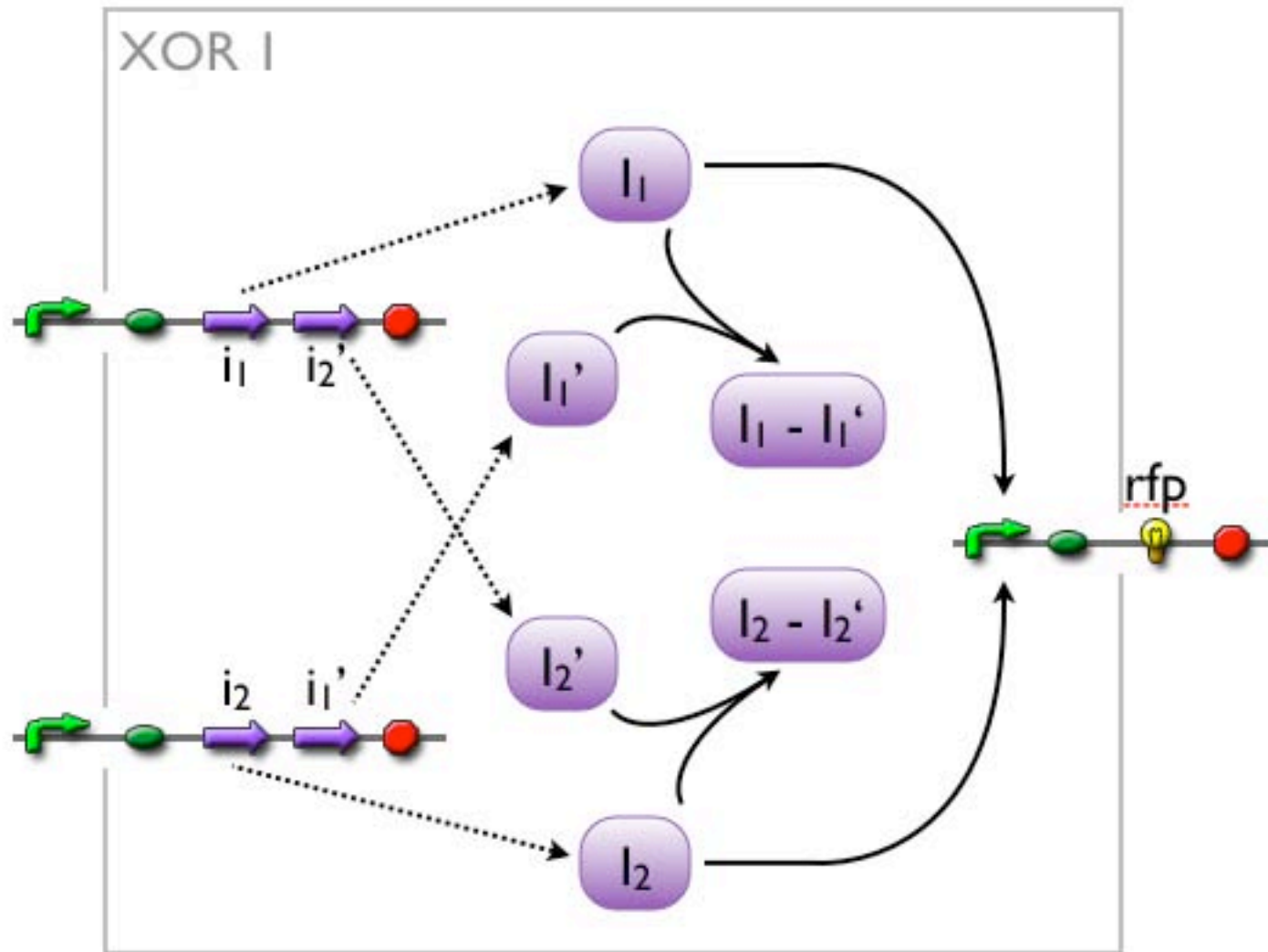
$$d[I_1]/dt = k_{I1} \Theta^{m1} / ([A]^{m1} - \Theta^{m1}) - k_{I1,deg} [I_1]$$

$$d[I_2]/dt = k_{I2} \Theta^{m1} / ([B]^{m1} - \Theta^{m1}) - k_{I2,deg} [I_2]$$

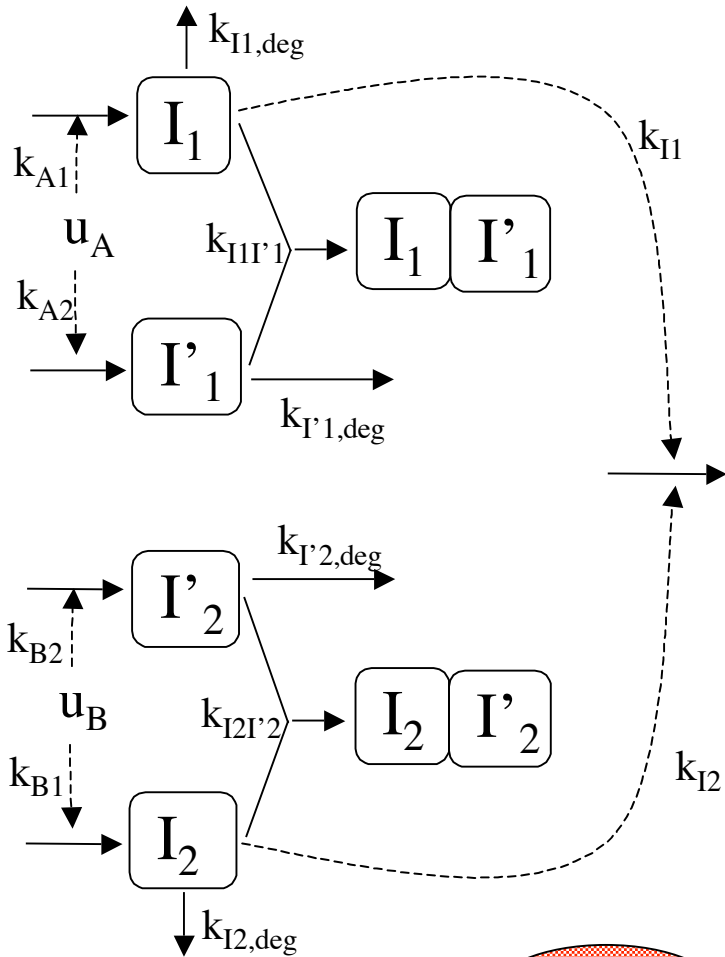
$$d[Out]/dt = k'_{Out} \Theta^{m3} / ([I_1]^{m3} - \Theta^{m3}) + k''_{Out} \Theta^{m4} / ([I_2]^{m4} - \Theta^{m4}) - k_{Out,deg} [Out]$$

AND – 4





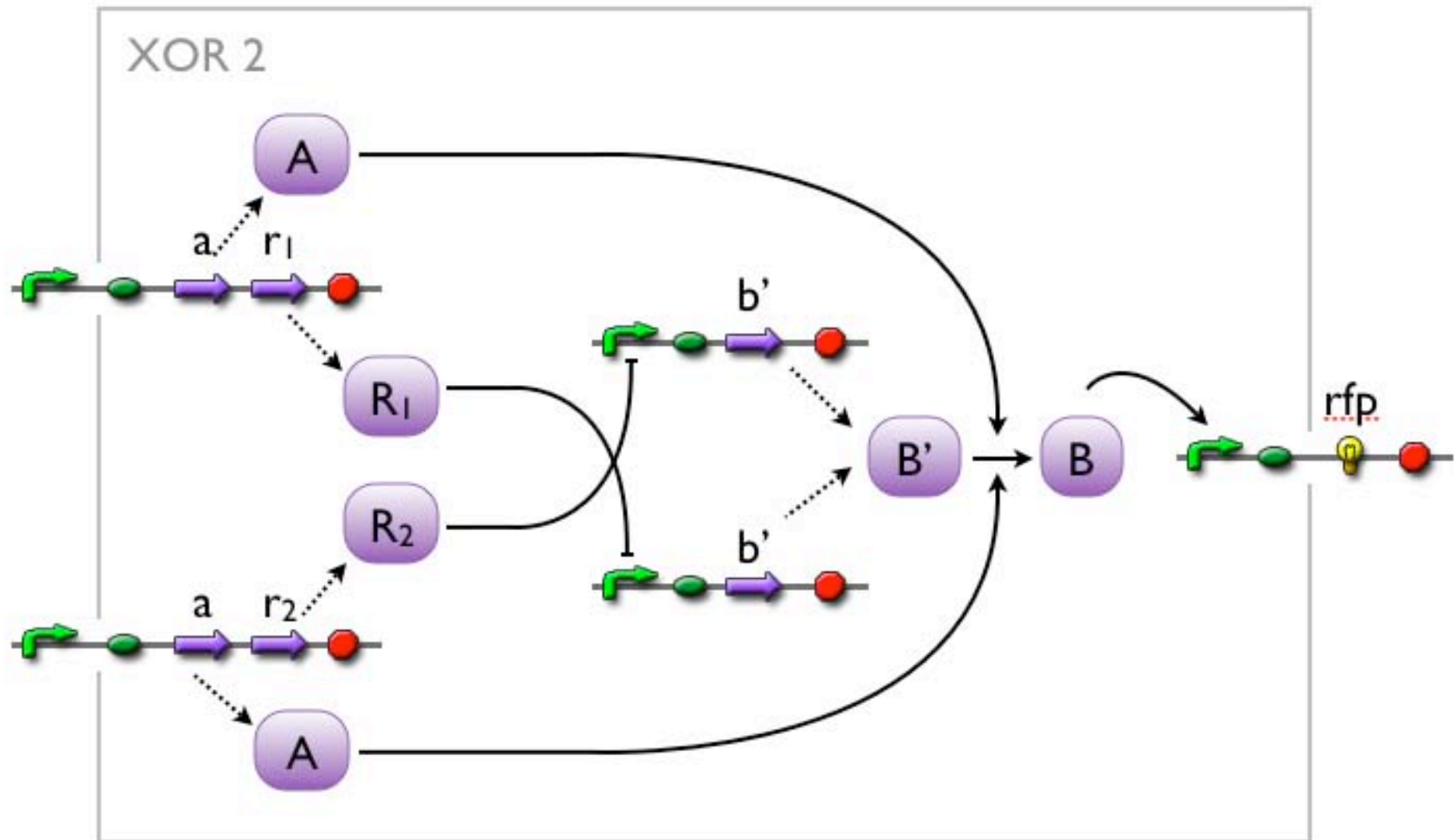
XOR – 1 (ODE's)



Question: Should $k_{I1I'1}$ and $k_{I2I'2}$ be modelled as reversible reactions?

$$\begin{aligned}
 d[I_1]/dt &= k_{A1}u_A - k_{I1I'1}[I_1][I'_1] - k_{I1,deg}[I_1] \\
 d[I'_1]/dt &= k_{A2}u_A - k_{I1I'1}[I_1][I'_1] - k_{I'1,deg}[I'_1] \\
 d[I_2]/dt &= k_{B1}u_B - k_{I2I'2}[I_2][I'_2] - k_{I2,deg}[I_2] \\
 d[I'_2]/dt &= k_{B2}u_B - k_{I2I'2}[I_2][I'_2] - k_{I'2,deg}[I'_2] \\
 d[I_1I'_1]/dt &= k_{I1I'1}[I_1][I'_1] \\
 d[I_2I'_2]/dt &= k_{I2I'2}[I_2][I'_2] \\
 d[Out]/dt &= k_{I1}(1 - \Theta^{m1}/([I_1]^{m1} - \Theta^{m1})) \\
 &\quad + k_{I2}(1 - \Theta^{m2}/([I_2]^{m2} - \Theta^{m2})) - k_{Out,deg}[Out]
 \end{aligned}$$

OR



XOR – 2 (ODE's)

XOR – 3 (ODE's)